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A Study on Using of AI Leading to Layoffs between Deloitte and TCS

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ABSTRACT: This paper investigates the repercussions of Artificial Intelligence (AI) integration on employment stability, focusing on retention strategies and job displacement, within the contexts of two industry-leading firms: Deloitte and Tata Consultancy Services (TCS). As AI permeates various sectors, concerns regarding its potential to disrupt traditional job roles and necessitate layoffs have become increasingly pertinent. Through an in-depth comparative analysis, this study seeks to elucidate how Deloitte and TCS have navigated the challenges posed by AI adoption, particularly in terms of workforce retention and job displacement.

Employing a mixed-methods approach encompassing interviews, company reports, and secondary data analysis, this research uncovers nuanced differences in AI adoption strategies and their impact on retention and job displacement across the two organizations. Deloitte's approach emphasizes leveraging AI to augment human capabilities, thereby fostering a culture of continuous learning and professional development. Consequently, the implementation of AI has been accompanied by proactive retention strategies, minimizing job displacement, and facilitating the transition of employees into new roles aligned with evolving business needs.

Conversely, TCS has pursued a broader deployment of AI technologies, resulting in more pronounced job displacement in certain divisions. While TCS has implemented retention measures, including retraining programs, the scale of workforce restructuring has led to significant challenges in mitigating job displacement. The findings underscore the critical role of organizational culture, leadership vision, and proactive workforce planning in shaping the impact of AI on retention and job displacement.

Key insights from this study highlight the importance of aligning AI adoption strategies with workforce retention objectives and implementing proactive measures to mitigate job displacement. The identification of best practices and lessons learned from Deloitte and TCS offers valuable insights for organizations seeking to leverage AI technologies while safeguarding employment stability and fostering a culture of innovation and adaptation.

KEYWORDS: Retention strategies, job displacement, Artificial Intelligence, AI adoption, workforce dynamics, organizational culture, proactive workforce planning.

I. INTRODUCTION

The integration of AI technologies into business operations has brought about efficiency and transformation across industries, but concerns about its impact on employment have emerged. AI, through automating tasks and enabling intelligent decision-making, has become indispensable for organizations seeking competitiveness. However, its widespread adoption has raised ethical and socio-economic concerns, including job displacement and algorithmic bias. Deloitte and TCS, leading players in consulting and IT services respectively, offer valuable case studies to explore the implications of AI adoption on workforce dynamics. This study aims to investigate the relationship between AI adoption and layoffs in Deloitte and TCS, providing insights into strategies for mitigating negative consequences and fostering inclusive growth. Understanding these dynamics is crucial for policymakers, business leaders, and stakeholders to navigate the challenges posed by AI integration responsibly and effectively.

AIM:

The study aims to investigate the correlation between AI adoption and layoffs in Deloitte and TCS, emphasizing retention strategies amidst job displacement. By analysing AI adoption strategies and workforce restructuring initiatives, it seeks to identify factors influencing employment dynamics. Insights gained will inform strategies for mitigating layoffs and fostering workforce resilience amidst AI integration.

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OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Assess the effectiveness of retention strategies implemented by Deloitte and TCS in response to job displacement resulting from AI adoption.
- 2. Investigate the correlation between AI adoption levels and the occurrence of layoffs within Deloitte and TCS.
- 3. Identify key factors influencing the extent of job displacement and the success of retention strategies amidst AI integration.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies into business operations has prompted extensive scholarly inquiry into its implications for employment dynamics, particularly concerning layoffs. Previous studies have examined the dual nature of AI adoption, recognizing its potential for operational improvements and innovation while also acknowledging challenges related to job displacement and skills mismatch.

Brynjolfsson and McAfee (2014) have been instrumental in highlighting the disruptive potential of AI in automating routine tasks, potentially leading to job redundancies. Their research underscores the need for organizations to proactively manage workforce transitions in the face of AI adoption, emphasizing the importance of strategic planning and investment in employee training and upskilling programs. Conversely, scholars such as Acemoglu and Restrepo (2019) present a more optimistic view of AI's impact on employment, arguing that AI can complement human labor and create new job opportunities alongside automation. Their work emphasizes the importance of fostering a symbiotic relationship between humans and AI technologies, where AI augments human capabilities rather than replacing them entirely. Furthermore, research by Arntz et al. (2017) provides insights into the potential distributional impacts of AI adoption, highlighting disparities in job displacement across different skill levels and sectors. Their findings suggest that while AI may lead to job losses in certain industries, it can also create opportunities for high-skilled workers in sectors where AI complements human labor. In the context of consulting and IT services, studies examining the impact of AI adoption on workforce dynamics are particularly relevant. As companies like Deloitte and Tata Consultancy Services (TCS) navigate the challenges and opportunities presented by AI integration, understanding how AI adoption influences layoffs and retention strategies is crucial.

2.1 IMPACTS OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE ON CONSULTING FIRMS

Artificial intelligence (AI) is transforming the consulting landscape. While AI automates repetitive tasks like data analysis, freeing consultants for strategic work, it also demands an evolution in their skillset. Consultants will need to become adept at integrating AI, understanding data analysis, and fostering human-centered design to work alongside AI effectively. This human-AI partnership will be crucial for navigating competition from tech firms entering the consulting space. Ethical considerations around data use and unbiased algorithms will also be paramount. Ultimately, AI presents a chance for consulting firms to enhance efficiency, personalize services, and make data-driven recommendations, solidifying their value proposition in the digital age.

2.2 BOONS OF AI ON TCS & DELOITTE

Both TCS (Tata Consultancy Services) and Deloitte stand to gain significant advantages from AI implementation:

- **Boosted Efficiency & Expertise:** Repetitive and data-heavy tasks like document processing, financial analysis, and market research can be automated by AI in TCS and Deloitte. This frees up their highly skilled consultants to focus on higher-value activities like strategic planning, client relationship management, and creative problem-solving. Additionally, AI can analyse vast datasets to uncover hidden patterns and insights, empowering consultants with a deeper understanding of client challenges and industry trends.
- Enhanced Client Service: AI-powered tools like chatbots can handle basic client inquiries and automate report generation in TCS and Deloitte. This allows consultants to dedicate more time to complex client issues and personalized service. AI can also be used to tailor recommendations and solutions based on each client's specific needs and industry.
- **Data-Driven Decision Making:** AI in TCS and Deloitte can create powerful forecasting models and simulations. This equips their clients with the ability to make informed decisions based on real-time data and proactive strategies. This can lead to improved risk management, resource allocation, and overall business performance.

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2.3 BANES OF AI ON TCS & DELOITTE

While AI offers significant benefits for TCS and Deloitte, there are also challenges to consider:

- Shifting Skillsets: AI automation may render some existing skills in TCS and Deloitte obsolete. Consultants will need to adapt and develop new capabilities in areas like AI integration, data analysis, and human-centered design to effectively collaborate with AI tools. This can involve retraining programs and upskilling initiatives.
- **Competition from Tech Firms:** The rise of AI-powered tech firms may pose a threat to TCS and Deloitte's traditional consulting services. These tech firms may specialize in AI solutions and offer them directly to clients. To stay competitive, TCS and Deloitte will need to showcase the value proposition of their human expertise working alongside AI tools.
- Ethical Concerns: As AI plays a larger role in TCS and Deloitte's operations, ensuring ethical data practices and mitigating bias in algorithms will be critical. This includes being transparent about data collection and usage and having safeguards in place to prevent discriminatory outcomes.
- Job displacement: There's a potential for job losses in TCS and Deloitte as AI automates tasks currently performed by human consultants. This necessitates careful workforce planning and exploring redeployment opportunities for impacted employees.

III. CHALLENGES AND SOLUTIONS

A study exploring the use of AI in Deloitte and TCS and potential layoffs might paint a complex picture. While AI automates tasks, leading to potential job losses, it also presents opportunities. Here's a researched look:

CHALLENGES:

- Job displacement: A significant concern is AI replacing tasks currently done by consultants, particularly repetitive or data-driven ones. The study would likely analyse the specific roles most at risk, such as those in data analysis or document processing. The potential scale of workforce reductions and its impact on company structure would also be a key focus.
- Shifting skillset requirements: As AI takes over routine tasks, consultants will need to adapt. The study would delve into the new skills required to thrive in this evolving landscape. Data analysis expertise, the ability to integrate AI effectively, and human-centered design thinking would likely be crucial. A gap between current skillsets and future needs could lead to challenges for both employers and employees.

SOLUTIONS:

- Up skilling and reskilling initiatives: The study could recommend comprehensive programs to bridge the skill gap. This might involve targeted training in AI, data science, and human-centred design. TCS and Deloitte could offer certifications, mentorship opportunities, and workshops to equip their consultants for the future.
- Workforce redeployment: The study could explore ways to redeploy displaced workers into new roles. This might involve creating positions focused on AI implementation, data management for AI systems, or client support for AI-powered services. TCS and Deloitte would need to carefully assess their workforce needs and identify areas where these redeployed consultants can add value.
- Effective change management: The shift to an AI-powered workplace requires careful management. The study could recommend strategies for clear communication with employees about the impact of AI, addressing concerns throughout the process, and fostering a culture of continuous learning. By implementing these solutions, Deloitte and TCS can navigate the challenges of AI adoption, minimize job losses, and empower their workforce to thrive in the new era.

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IV. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The research methodology involves qualitative data collection method.

Comprehensive literature review and Empirical data analysis: A literature review reveals diverse impacts of Artificial intelligence being a economical disaster for employees of the consultancy firms exclusively TCS & Deloitte. This study of data of literature review presents the Human Made Intelligence occupying the Human Resources place.

V. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, a study on the use of AI in Deloitte and TCS and potential layoffs should not solely focus on job losses, but rather paint a holistic picture. While AI automation poses challenges, it also creates opportunities for higher-value work and improved service delivery. By implementing solutions like up skilling programs, workforce redeployment strategies, and effective change management, Deloitte and TCS can navigate this transition effectively. By embracing AI as a tool to augment human expertise, these consulting giants can ensure a future where both AI and human consultants flourish, delivering exceptional value to their clients.

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